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Sir:

Transmitted herewith for filing is the utility patent application of:

Inventor: DAVID W. RUNTON; PETER A. SMITH
Entitled: METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR THE DISTRIBUTION AND ENHANCEMENT
OF DIGITAL COMPRESSED AUDIO

Enclosed are:

- ☒ 38 sheets of specification and claims
- ☒ 4 sheet(s) of drawings and 3 copies of same
- ☐ An Assignment of the invention to: _____.
- ☒ Declaration and Power of Attorney (X)Executed ()Unexecuted
- ☒ Verified statement to establish Small Entity Status under 37 CFR 1.9 and 37 CFR 1.27
- ☒ Information Disclosure Statement
- ☒ Also enc.: Information Disclosure Citation and 4 cited references.

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FOR:	NO. FILED	NO. EXTRA	RATE	FEE	RATE	FEE
BASIC FEE:	1		X380 = \$		X760 =	760
TOTAL CLAIMS:	43	- 20 = 23	X 9 = \$207	or	X 18 = \$	
INDEP CLAIMS:	7	- 3 = 4	X 39 = \$156	or	X 78 = \$	
MULTIPLE DEPEND CLAIM PRESENTED			X130 = \$	or	X260 = \$	
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Respectfully submitted,

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IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicants: David W. Runton)
Peter A. Smith)
Serial No.:)
Filed: Herewith)
Title: METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR THE)
DISTRIBUTION AND ENHANCEMENT OF)
DIGITAL COMPRESSED AUDIO)

CERTIFICATE OF EXPRESS MAILING

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Dear Sir:

I hereby certify that the attached Application Transmittal Form; Declaration and Power of Attorney, executed; Small Entity Statement, executed; Information Disclosure Statement; Information Disclosure Citation and copies of four (4) cited references; Application: Specification, eighteen (18) pages; Claims, nineteen (19) pages; Abstract, one (1) page; four (4) sheet(s) informal drawings and three (3) copies of same; check for appropriate fees; and a postcard are being deposited with the United States Postal Service "Express Mail Post Office to Addressee" under 37 CFR 1.10 addressed to the Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks, Washington, D.C. 20231, Box PATENT APPLICATION on 10 September 1999.

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Signature

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Filed or Issued: Herewith Docket No.: 4044-A1
For: METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR THE DISTRIBUTION AND ENHANCEMENT OF
DIGITAL COMPRESSED AUDIO

**VERIFIED STATEMENT (DECLARATION) CLAIMING SMALL ENTITY
STATUS (37 CFR 1.9(f) and 1.27(b))--INDEPENDENT INVENTOR**

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that I qualify as an independent inventor as defined in 37 CFR 1.9(c) for purposes of paying reduced fees under section 41(a) and (b) of Title 35, United States Code, to the Patent and Trademark Office with regard to the invention entitled METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR THE DISTRIBUTION AND ENHANCEMENT OF DIGITAL COMPRESSED AUDIO

described in

☒ the specification filed herewith
_____ application serial no. _____, filed _____.
_____ patent no. _____, issued _____.

I have not assigned, granted, conveyed or licensed and am under no obligation under contract or law to assign, grant, convey or license, any rights in the invention to any person who could not be classified as an independent inventor under 37 CFR 1.9(c) if that person had made the invention, or to any concern which would not qualify as a small business concern under 37 CFR 1.9(d) or a nonprofit organization under 37 CFR 1.9(e).

Each person, concern or organization to which I have assigned, granted, conveyed, or licensed or am under an obligation under contract or law to assign, grant, convey, or license any rights in the invention is listed below:

☒ no such person, concern, or organization
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FULL NAME _____
ADDRESS _____
____ Individual ____ Small Business Concern ____ Nonprofit Organization

FULL NAME _____
ADDRESS _____
____ Individual ____ Small Business Concern ____ Nonprofit Organization

I acknowledge the duty to file, in this application or patent, notification of any change in status resulting in loss of entitlement to small entity status prior to paying, or at the time of paying, the earliest of the issue fee or any maintenance fee due after the date on which status as a small entity is no longer appropriate. (37 CFR 1.28(b))

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application, any patent issuing thereon, or any patent to which this verified statement is directed.

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METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR THE DISTRIBUTION AND ENHANCEMENT OF
DIGITAL COMPRESSED AUDIO

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1 METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR THE DISTRIBUTION
2 AND
3 ENHANCEMENT OF DIGITAL COMPRESSED AUDIO
4
5

6 FIELD OF THE INVENTION
7

8 This invention relates to methods and apparatus for
9 distributing and enhancing sound which was digitally
10 compressed and then decompressed.

11
12 More particularly, the present invention relates to
13 apparatus for reconstructing lost audio which has been
14 digitally compressed and decompressed.

15
16 In a further and more specific aspect, the instant
17 invention concerns methods of distributing to consumers
18 reconstructed lost audio which has been digitally
19 compressed and decompressed.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The distribution of digital audio through the world wide web (Internet) requires a significant amount of data compression. A compact disc (CD) quality song recorded in stereo requires nearly 10 MB of data per minute. Utilizing existing transfer methods available to the typical home user, this amount of data is considered unusable. To combat this, the Internet community has developed several different compression techniques for reducing the amount of data required to construct the audio signal. At the compression requirements, these algorithms are not perfect, resulting in loss of the data and subsequent audio quality degradation.

A specific compression/decompression algorithm is based on MPEG 1, audio layer 3, and is commonly referred to as MP3. An MP3 formatted file contains audio data that has been processed through a compression algorithm. The file can be stored on a computer hard drive, floppy disk, or any other storage medium such as flash RAM cards. The MP3 file format was developed to compress the large amounts of data stored on music CDs to less than one tenth of the original size of the data. The compressed data can then easily be sent over the Internet or stored on computer hard drives, etc. The major problem that arises is in the quality of music that has been compressed and then decompressed for

1 listening.

2

3 Even though some enhancement is performed during the
4 decompression of the data in an attempt to reconstruct the
5 music, many of the qualities that make the music
6 interesting or enjoyable are lost. Further, because of the
7 lost data during compression/decompression, the
8 compression/decompression technique cannot be used in many
9 other fields where the lost data may be important (e.g.
10 some teaching techniques, such as speech and listening
11 therapy). Many different attempts to enhance music to
12 improve the quality have been made in the past but each
13 such attempt is directed at a specific problem (generally
14 the attempt deals with improving the response of a specific
15 amplifier) and generally requires specific hardware to
16 solve, or partially solve, the specific problem. Also,
17 because in many instances individuals are receiving the
18 data or music from the Internet, it is difficult to provide
19 a salable technique for improving the decompressed data.

20

21 Accordingly, it is an object of the present invention
22 to provide new and improved methods and apparatus/software
23 for the distribution and enhancement of digital
24 compressed/decompressed audio.

25

26 Another object of the invention is to provide new and
27 improved apparatus/software for restoring decompressed data

1 to substantially its original content.

2

3 And another object of the invention is to provide new
4 and improved apparatus/software for restoring decompressed
5 data to substantially its original content, which apparatus
6 itself can be sold over the Internet or by equivalent
7 means.

8

9 Still another object of the present invention is to
10 provide new and improved methods for distributing the
11 apparatus software.

12

13 Yet another object of the invention is to provide new
14 and improved methods of distribution for the
15 apparatus/software which provide a recipient the
16 opportunity to try the apparatus software and determine if
17 they believe it is appropriate for them.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Briefly, to achieve the desired objects of the instant invention in accordance with a preferred embodiment thereof apparatus for enhancing digital audio signals after the digital audio signals are compressed and decompressed is provided. The apparatus includes an input terminal for receiving a digital decompressed audio signal, a digital harmonic enhancer coupled to receive the digital decompressed audio signal and provide a harmonically enhanced audio signal, a digital warmth adder coupled to receive the digital decompressed audio signal and provide a warmth enhanced audio signal, and a digital frequency equalizer coupled to receive the harmonically enhanced audio signal and the warmth enhanced audio signal and provide a digital enhanced decompressed audio signal. In a preferred embodiment the apparatus is provided in the form of software as instructions for a Digital Signal Processor (DSP) or the like.

The desired objects of the instant invention are also achieved in accordance with a preferred embodiment thereof in method of enhancing digital audio signals after the digital audio signals are compressed and decompressed. The method includes the steps of receiving a digital decompressed audio signal, harmonically enhancing the digital decompressed audio signal and providing a

1 harmonically enhanced audio signal, adding warmth to the
2 digital decompressed audio signal and providing a warmth
3 enhanced audio signal, and combining and frequency
4 equalizing the harmonically enhanced audio signal and the
5 warmth enhanced audio signal to provide a digital enhanced
6 decompressed audio signal. Warmth, in the present context,
7 is harmonic content considered pleasant to the ear, and is
8 usually associated with enhanced odd order harmonics.

9

10 The desired objects of the instant invention are also
11 achieved in accordance with a preferred embodiment thereof
12 in method of distributing enhanced digital audio signals
13 produced from compressed and decompressed digital audio
14 signals. The distribution method includes the steps of
15 providing software for a digital signal processor including
16 harmonically enhancing the digital decompressed audio
17 signal to provide a harmonically enhanced audio signal,
18 adding warmth to the digital decompressed audio signal to
19 provide a warmth enhanced audio signal, and combining and
20 frequency equalizing the harmonically enhanced audio signal
21 and the warmth enhanced audio signal to provide a digital
22 enhanced decompressed audio signal, and providing
23 adjustments within the software for varying levels of the
24 harmonic enhancing and for varying levels of the frequency
25 equalizing to provide the digital enhanced decompressed
26 audio signal.

1 In one specific embodiment of the distribution
2 procedure the software is provided free and either a one-
3 time use, a partial use, a partially enhanced audio signal
4 use, or non-save adjustments are included in the software
5 to limit the use. The software is then sold for a price
6 without including in the software the one-time use, the
7 partial use, the partially enhanced audio signal use, or
8 the non-save adjustments.

9

10 In another specific embodiment of the distribution
11 procedure adjustments are provided within the software for
12 varying levels of the harmonic enhancing and for varying
13 levels of frequency equalizing to provide the digital
14 enhanced decompressed audio signal, the adjustments are
15 preset to levels determined by an expert of the received
16 digital decompressed audio signal, such as a performer of
17 music. In this fashion the user hears the music as the
18 performer wants it to be heard. This method of
19 distribution is a subset of mass customization, i.e. the
20 software can be adjusted by the originator or consumer to
21 tailor the desired sound.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The foregoing and further and more specific objects and advantages of the instant invention will become readily apparent to those skilled in the art from the following detailed description of a preferred embodiment thereof taken in conjunction with the drawings, in which:

FIG. 1 is a block diagram of signal processing apparatus/software for enhancing digital audio signals after the digital audio signals are compressed and decompressed;

FIG. 2 is a more detailed block diagram of a harmonic enhancer portion of the signal processing apparatus of FIG. 1;

FIG. 3 illustrates a response curve for a prior art transistor amplifier;

FIG. 4 illustrates a response curve for the warmth adder of FIG. 1;

FIG. 5 is a typical frequency spectrum for the human ear, illustrating the effects of the frequency equalizer of FIG. 1; and

1 FIG. 6 illustrates response curves for various
 2 sections of the frequency equalizer of FIG. 1.

1 DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

2
3 Turning now to the drawings in which like reference
4 characters indicate corresponding elements throughout the
5 several views, attention is first directed to FIG. 1 which
6 illustrates a block diagram of signal processing
7 apparatus/software 10 for enhancing digital audio signals
8 after the digital audio signals are compressed and
9 decompressed. Digital audio signals, which have been
10 compressed and decompressed by some format or software,
11 such as MP3, are received at an input terminal 11. The
12 input digital audio signal is split and applied
13 simultaneously to both a harmonic enhancer 12 and a warmth
14 adder 15.

15
16 Referring additionally to FIG. 2, a more detailed
17 block diagram of harmonic enhancer 12 is illustrated. The
18 digital audio signal supplied to harmonic enhancer 12 is
19 again split and applied to a digital hi-pass filter 20 and
20 to one input of a digital adder 21. Hi-pass filter 20 has
21 a specific bandpass and includes a frequency adjustment 23
22 which moves the bandpass of filter 20 to determines a
23 specific band of frequencies within the input digital audio
24 signal which will be passed by hi-pass filter 20.

25
26 The portion of the input digital audio signal passed
27 by digital hi-pass filter 20 is supplied to a digital

1 amplifier 25 coupled to provide harmonic distortion.
2 Amplifier 25 is constructed to drive the input signal into
3 saturation so as to provide an at least partially squared
4 audio signal. This partially squared audio signal contains
5 harmonics, both odd and even, and the amount of squaring,
6 or saturation amplification, determines the specific
7 harmonics included (i.e. second, third, fourth, fifth,
8 etc.), as well as the amount of harmonics included in the
9 output signal. As an example, an audio signal that is only
10 slightly distorted by amplification into the saturation
11 area (i.e. squared) contains only small amounts of the
12 second and third harmonics. As the amplification is
13 increased both the amount of the harmonics and the number
14 of harmonics increases. Since, for example, most music
15 contains certain harmonics and since some of these
16 harmonics are lost during the compression/decompression
17 process, it is important to achieve natural and pleasant
18 sounding music that the harmonics be reconstructed after
19 the decompression process. As can be seen from FIG. 2,
20 only the portion of the digital audio signal passed by hi-
21 pass filter 20 is amplified by amplifier 25 to provide a
22 harmonic enhancement signal.

23

24 The harmonic enhancement signal from amplifier 25 is
25 then supplied to a digital level adjuster 26 which provides
26 a level adjusted harmonic enhancement signal to a second
27 input of digital adder 21. Level adjuster 26 is provided

1 with an adjustment 27 which determines the amount, or level
2 of the harmonic enhancement signal that is applied to adder
3 21. Since the original digital audio signal supplied to
4 input terminal 11 is supplied to one input of adder 21, the
5 selected level of the harmonic enhancement signal that is
6 applied to the other input of adder 21 is added to the
7 original digital audio signal to provide a harmonically
8 enhanced digital audio signal. Here it should be noted
9 that frequency adjustment 23 of hi-pass filter 20
10 determines the frequency spectrum of the harmonic
11 enhancement while adjustment 27 provides the level of the
12 harmonic enhancement.

13
14 Referring specifically to FIG. 3, a typical response
15 curve 30 for a transistor amplifier is illustrated. As can
16 be seen, response curve 30 includes relatively sharp
17 discontinuities at a positive saturation area 31 and at a
18 negative saturation area 32. Discontinuities 31 and 32
19 produce some harsh and relatively unpleasant sounds in
20 audio that is amplified to this level and, accordingly,
21 transistor amplifiers are generally only used for
22 amplification in the linear range of response curve 30.

23
24 Electronic tubes, on the other hand, have a response
25 curve similar to curve 35 illustrated in FIG. 4.. As can be
26 seen, curve 35 is rounded or continuous and blends smoothly
27 at upper and lower saturation areas 36 and 37 from the

1 linear portion of curve 35 into the saturated portion.
2 This smooth blending produces harmonics which add warmth
3 to, for example, music and is a major reason that
4 electronic tube amplifiers are preferred in the music field
5 over transistor amplifiers. Referring to FIG. 1, warmth
6 adder 15 includes a digital saturation amplifier in which
7 the amplification is specifically adjusted to resemble
8 curve 35 of FIG. 4. For purposes of this disclosure, the
9 response curve of warmth adder 15 will hereinafter be
10 referred to as an S-shaped response curve or a response
11 curve that includes upper and lower saturation areas which
12 are rounded (smoothed or continuous) to provide warmth
13 distortion or a warmth enhanced digital audio signal.

14
15 Turning again to FIG. 1, the harmonically enhanced
16 digital audio signal from harmonic enhancer 12 and the
17 warmth enhanced digital audio signal from warmth adder 15
18 are combined and supplied to a digital frequency equalizer
19 40. Illustrated in FIG. 5 is a typical frequency spectrum
20 42 for the human ear. Although there are many variations,
21 weaknesses and strengths, a typical human ear can generally
22 hear sounds from 20 Hz to 20 kHz. Frequency equalizer 40
23 breaks frequency spectrum 42 into a plurality of areas, for
24 example, the three areas 44, 45, and 46 illustrated in FIG.
25 6. Here it should be understood that many more areas could
26 be included or each area 44, 45, and 46 could be again
27 split into a plurality of sub-areas. In this discussion

1 area 44 is referred to as a base area, area 45 is referred
2 to as a midrange area, and area 46 is referred to as a
3 treble area.

4
5 Frequency equalizer 40 can include any or all of
6 digital filters, generally for splitting frequency spectrum
7 40 into areas 44, 45, and 46, digital amplifiers for
8 amplifying the frequency spectrum represented by each of
9 the areas 44, 45, and 46, and attenuators for reducing the
10 frequency spectrum represented by each of the areas 44, 45,
11 and 46. Further, frequency equalizer 40 includes
12 adjustments for each of the areas 44, 45, and 46 to alter
13 the frequency spectrum or response for that area anywhere
14 between amplification and attenuation. Referring to FIG.
15 5, as an example, a curve 48 illustrates a level of
16 amplification in treble area 46 and a curve 49 illustrates
17 a level of attenuation in treble area 46. The adjustment
18 for treble area 46 is capable of changing the response
19 curve anywhere from curve 48 to curve 49 and in a similar
20 fashion each of the other areas can be changed.

21
22 Standard Digital Signal Processing, or DSP, is used to
23 digitally modify incoming digital data to produce a desired
24 output. Utilizing these techniques, it is possible to
25 simulate any analog circuitry (including filters,
26 amplifiers, adders, attenuators, etc.). The notation used
27 for the DSP is:

1 $x[n] \rightarrow H_T(e^{j\omega}) \rightarrow y[n]$

2
3 In the above notation, $x[n]$ is the input signal which
4 is sampled in discrete time intervals, $H_T(e^{j\omega})$ is the
5 processing algorithm, and $y[n]$ is the output signal.
6 Signal processing apparatus/software 10, described above,
7 including harmonic enhancer 12, warmth adder 15, and
8 frequency equalizer 40, are included in software in the
9 form of instructions to a DSP which instructs the DSP to
10 perform the various steps described. Typically, the
11 software, or instructions, are included on some form of
12 memory, such as a CD, or can be downloaded from the
13 Internet to a personal computer (PC) or some other type of
14 equipment containing a DSP or performing DSP functions.
15 Here it should be understood by those skilled in the art
16 that the term "Digital Signal Processor" (DSP), as used in
17 this disclosure, includes chips and devices designated
18 digital signal processors as well as any other devices
19 which are capable of performing the function of digital
20 signal processing

21
22 Further, frequency adjust 23 for hi-pass filter 20,
23 adjustment 27 for digital level adjuster 26, and parameter
24 presets, or adjustments, for frequency equalizer 40 are
25 included in the software and instruct the DSP to provide
26 these adjustments on the PC, etc. in the same fashion that
27 such adjustments are presently provided on a PC. In an

1 alternative embodiment, these adjustments can be preset.
2 For example, a specific piece (or album) of music might be
3 supplied with preset parameters that adjust signal
4 processing apparatus/software 10 in accordance with the way
5 an expert, such as the performer of the music, would like
6 their music to sound.

7
8 In a typical example of the use of signal processing
9 apparatus/software 10, a person would download signal
10 processing apparatus/software 10 from the Internet into
11 their PC and would then either play compressed music
12 directly from the Internet or from the hard disk of their
13 computer, using signal processing apparatus/software 10. A
14 problem that arises with the provision of this type of
15 signal processing apparatus/software is the distribution,
16 since the software can be easily downloaded from the
17 Internet or from a CD or the like by anyone.

18
19 One distribution system that is used herein to
20 overcome this problem is to provide adjustments within the
21 software for varying levels of the harmonic enhancing and
22 for varying levels of the frequency equalizing to provide
23 the digital enhanced decompressed audio signal and provide
24 the software free to any and all recipients. However, the
25 free software is programmed for a one-time use, a partial
26 use, a partially enhanced audio signal use, or non-save
27 adjustments. A one-time use is one in which the recipient

1 can play the audio once to appreciate the improved sound
2 and then must get another copy of signal processing
3 apparatus/software 10. A partial use is one in which the
4 recipient can play only a part of the audio with the
5 improved sound and after that the sound is the same as
6 standard decompressed audio. A partially enhanced use is
7 one in which some of the improvements in sound are included
8 but not all of them simultaneously. Non-save adjustments
9 is one in which the recipient must make all of the
10 adjustments each time that he uses the software. After the
11 recipient has used the free software he can purchase a copy
12 for a price, which purchased copy does not include the one
13 of the one-time use, the partial use, the partially
14 enhanced audio signal use, or the non-save adjustments but
15 which does include the entire signal processing
16 apparatus/software 10 with savable presets.

17
18 In another distribution system that is used herein to
19 overcome the above described problem, the various
20 adjustments are preset by someone who is an expert of that
21 type of audio. For example, a performer who made a
22 particular piece or album of music might set the various
23 adjustments to make the music sound exactly as they want it
24 to sound. These adjustments would then be included as
25 presets in a specific copy of signal processing
26 apparatus/software 10. Copies of signal processing
27 apparatus/software 10 including the presets are then sold

1 with compressed music (MP3 or the like).

2
3 Accordingly, new and improved methods and apparatus
4 for the distribution and enhancement of digital compressed
5 audio have been disclosed. The new and improved
6 apparatus/software restores decompressed data to
7 substantially its original content and can be sold over the
8 Internet or by equivalent means. Further, various methods
9 for distributing the new and improved apparatus/software
10 are disclosed which provide recipients an opportunity to
11 sample the software and determine whether or not they
12 believe they would like to purchase it.

13
14 Various changes and modifications to the embodiments
15 herein chosen for purposes of illustration will readily
16 occur to those skilled in the art. To the extent that such
17 modifications and variations do not depart from the spirit
18 of the invention, they are intended to be included within
19 the scope thereof which is assessed only by a fair
20 interpretation of the following claims.

21
22 Having fully described the invention in such clear and
23 concise terms as to enable those skilled in the art to
24 understand and practice the same, the invention claimed is:

CLAIMS

1. Apparatus for enhancing digital audio signals after the digital audio signals are compressed and decompressed, the apparatus comprising:

an input terminal for receiving a digital decompressed audio signal;

a digital harmonic enhancer coupled to receive the digital decompressed audio signal and provide a harmonically enhanced audio signal;

a digital warmth adder coupled to receive the digital decompressed audio signal and provide a warmth enhanced audio signal; and

a digital frequency equalizer coupled to receive the harmonically enhanced audio signal and the warmth enhanced audio signal and provide a digital enhanced decompressed audio signal.

2. Apparatus as claimed in claim 1 wherein the digital compressed audio signal and the digital decompressed audio signal includes an MP3 format.

3. Apparatus as claimed in claim 1 wherein the harmonic enhancer includes a digital amplifier coupled to provide harmonic distortion.

4. Apparatus as claimed in claim 3 wherein the harmonic enhancer includes a digital high pass filter coupled to receive the digital decompressed audio signal and to provide a digital high pass audio signal to the digital amplifier.

5. Apparatus as claimed in claim 4 wherein the digital high pass filter includes an adjustment for varying a frequency band of the digital high pass audio signal.

6. Apparatus as claimed in claim 4 wherein the harmonic enhancer includes a digital level adjuster coupled to receive the harmonic distortion from the digital amplifier and to provide a level adjusted harmonic distortion audio signal to one input of a digital adder, the digital adder having a second input coupled to receive the digital decompressed audio signal and to add the harmonically enhanced audio signal to the digital decompressed audio signal to produce the harmonically

enhanced audio signal.

7. Apparatus as claimed in claim 6 wherein the digital level adjuster includes an adjustment for varying a level of the harmonic distortion from the digital amplifier.

8. Apparatus as claimed in claim 1 wherein the warmth adder includes a saturated digital amplifier with an S-shaped response curve.

9. Apparatus as claimed in claim 8 wherein the response curve of the saturated digital amplifier includes upper and lower saturation areas which are rounded to provide warmth distortion.

10. Apparatus as claimed in claim 1 wherein the frequency equalizer includes a plurality of adjustments for varying levels of different frequency bands within the harmonically enhanced audio signal and the warmth enhanced audio signal.

11. Apparatus as claimed in claim 1 wherein the digital harmonic enhancer, the digital warmth adder, and the digital frequency equalizer are included in a digital signal processor.

12. Apparatus as claimed in claim 1 wherein the digital harmonic enhancer, the digital warmth adder, and the digital frequency equalizer are provided as software for a digital signal processor.

13. Apparatus as claimed in claim 12 wherein the digital harmonic enhancer and the digital frequency equalizer include adjustments for varying a level of the harmonic distortion and for varying levels of different frequency bands within the harmonically enhanced audio signal and the warmth enhanced audio signal.

14. Apparatus as claimed in claim 13 wherein the adjustments are preset to levels determined by an expert of the received digital decompressed audio signal.

15. Apparatus for enhancing digital audio signals after the digital audio signals are compressed and decompressed, the apparatus comprising:

an input terminal for receiving a digital decompressed audio signal;

a digital harmonic enhancer coupled to receive the digital decompressed audio signal and provide a harmonically enhanced audio signal, the harmonic enhancer including a digital high pass filter coupled to receive the digital decompressed audio signal and to provide a digital high pass audio signal, a digital amplifier coupled to receive the digital high pass audio signal and to provide harmonic distortion of the digital high pass audio signal, and a digital level adjuster coupled to receive the harmonically distorted digital high pass audio signal from the digital amplifier and to provide a level adjusted harmonic distortion audio signal to one input of a digital adder, the digital adder having a second input coupled to receive the digital decompressed audio signal and to add the harmonically distorted digital high pass audio signal to the digital decompressed audio signal to produce the harmonically enhanced audio signal, the digital high pass filter including an adjustment for varying a frequency band of the digital high pass audio signal, and the digital level adjuster including an adjustment for varying a level

of the harmonic distortion from the digital amplifier;

a digital warmth adder coupled to receive the digital decompressed audio signal and provide a warmth enhanced audio signal, the digital warmth adder including a saturated digital amplifier with an S-shaped response curve wherein the upper and lower saturation areas are rounded to provide warmth distortion; and

a digital frequency equalizer coupled to receive the harmonically enhanced audio signal and the warmth enhanced audio signal and provide a digital enhanced decompressed audio signal.

16. Apparatus as claimed in claim 15 wherein the digital harmonic enhancer, the digital warmth adder, and the digital frequency equalizer are included in a digital signal processor.

17. Apparatus as claimed in claim 15 wherein the digital harmonic enhancer, the digital warmth adder, and the digital frequency equalizer are provided as software for a digital signal processor.

18. Apparatus as claimed in claim 17 wherein the digital harmonic enhancer and the digital frequency equalizer include adjustments for varying a level of the harmonic distortion and for varying levels of different frequency bands within the harmonically enhanced audio signal and the warmth enhanced audio signal.

19. Apparatus as claimed in claim 18 wherein the adjustments are preset to levels determined by an expert of the received digital decompressed audio signal.

20. A method of enhancing digital audio signals after the digital audio signals are compressed and decompressed, the method comprising the steps of:

receiving a digital decompressed audio signal;

harmonically enhancing the digital decompressed audio signal and providing a harmonically enhanced audio signal;

adding warmth to the digital decompressed audio signal and providing a warmth enhanced audio signal; and

combining and frequency equalizing the harmonically enhanced audio signal and the warmth enhanced audio signal

to provide a digital enhanced decompressed audio signal.

21. A method as claimed in claim 20 wherein the step of receiving includes receiving a digital decompressed audio signal produced from a digital compressed audio signal using an MP3 format.

22. A method as claimed in claim 20 wherein the step of harmonically enhancing the digital decompressed audio signal includes digitally high pass filtering the digital decompressed audio signal to provide a digital high pass audio signal.

23. A method as claimed in claim 22 wherein the step of harmonically enhancing the digital decompressed audio signal includes digitally amplifying the digital high pass audio signal to provide harmonic distortion.

24. A method as claimed in claim 23 wherein the step of harmonically enhancing the digital decompressed audio signal includes providing an adjustment for varying a frequency band of the digital high pass audio signal.

25. A method as claimed in claim 23 wherein the step of harmonically enhancing the digital decompressed audio signal includes adjusting a level of the harmonic distortion from the digital amplifier and providing a level adjusted harmonic distortion audio signal to one input of a digital adder, coupling a second input of the digital adder to receive the digital decompressed audio signal, and adding the harmonically enhanced audio signal to the digital decompressed audio signal in the digital adder to produce the harmonically enhanced audio signal.

26. A method as claimed in claim 20 wherein the step of adding warmth to the digital decompressed audio signal includes saturation amplifying the digital decompressed audio signal with an S-shaped amplification response curve.

27. A method as claimed in claim 26 wherein the step of saturation amplifying includes producing upper and lower saturation areas which are rounded to provide warmth distortion.

28. A method as claimed in claim 20 wherein the step of combining and frequency equalizing includes providing a

plurality of adjustments for varying levels of different frequency bands within the harmonically enhanced audio signal and the warmth enhanced audio signal.

29. A method as claimed in claim 20 including providing the steps of harmonically enhancing, adding warmth, and combining and frequency equalizing in a digital signal processor.

30. A method as claimed in claim 29 wherein the steps of harmonically enhancing and combining and frequency equalizing include providing adjustments for varying a level of the harmonic enhancing and for varying levels of different frequency bands within the harmonically enhanced audio signal and the warmth enhanced audio signal.

31. A method as claimed in claim 30 wherein the step of providing adjustments includes providing preset levels determined by an expert of the received digital decompressed audio signal.

32. A method as claimed in claim 20 including providing the steps of harmonically enhancing, adding

warmth, and combining and frequency equalizing as software for a digital signal processor.

33. A method of enhancing digital audio signals after the digital audio signals are compressed and decompressed, the method comprising the steps of:

receiving a digital decompressed audio signal;

harmonically enhancing the digital decompressed audio signal and providing a harmonically enhanced audio signal, the step of harmonically enhancing the digital decompressed audio signal including digitally high pass filtering the digital decompressed audio signal to provide a digital high pass audio signal, digitally amplifying the digital high pass audio signal to provide harmonic distortion, and adjusting a level of the harmonic distortion from the digital amplifier and providing a level adjusted harmonic distortion audio signal to one input of a digital adder, coupling a second input of the digital adder to receive the digital decompressed audio signal, and adding the harmonically enhanced audio signal to the digital decompressed audio signal in the digital adder to produce the harmonically enhanced audio signal;

adding warmth to the digital decompressed audio signal and providing a warmth enhanced audio signal including saturation amplifying the digital decompressed audio signal with an S-shaped amplification response curve producing upper and lower saturation areas which are rounded to

provide warmth distortion; and

combining and frequency equalizing the harmonically enhanced audio signal and the warmth enhanced audio signal to provide a digital enhanced decompressed audio signal.

34. A method as claimed in claim 33 including providing the steps of harmonically enhancing, adding warmth, and combining and frequency equalizing in a digital signal processor.

35. A method as claimed in claim 33 wherein the steps of harmonically enhancing and combining and frequency equalizing include providing adjustments for varying a level of the harmonic enhancing and for varying levels of different frequency bands within the harmonically enhanced audio signal and the warmth enhanced audio signal.

36. A method as claimed in claim 35 wherein the step of providing adjustments includes providing preset levels determined by an expert of the received digital decompressed audio signal.

37. A method as claimed in claim 33 including providing the steps of harmonically enhancing, adding warmth, and combining and frequency equalizing as software for a digital signal processor.

38. A method of distributing enhanced digital audio signals produced from compressed and decompressed digital audio signals, the method comprising the steps of

providing software for a digital signal processor including the steps of harmonically enhancing the digital decompressed audio signal to provide a harmonically enhanced audio signal, adding warmth to the digital decompressed audio signal to provide a warmth enhanced audio signal, and combining and frequency equalizing the harmonically enhanced audio signal and the warmth enhanced audio signal to provide a digital enhanced decompressed audio signal; and

providing adjustments within the software for varying levels of the harmonic enhancing and for varying levels of the frequency equalizing to provide the digital enhanced decompressed audio signal.

39. A method of distributing as claimed in claim 38 wherein the step of providing software includes the steps of providing the software free and providing in the software one of a one-time use, a partial use, a partially enhanced audio signal use, and non-save adjustments.

40. A method of distributing as claimed in claim 39 wherein the step of providing software further includes the steps of providing the software for a price and one of removing from the software the one of the one-time use, the partial use, the partially enhanced audio signal use, and the non-save adjustments and providing new software without the one of the one-time use, the partial use, the partially enhanced audio signal use, and the non-save adjustments.

41. A method of distributing enhanced digital audio signals produced from compressed and decompressed digital audio signals, the method comprising the steps of

providing software for a digital signal processor including the steps of harmonically enhancing the digital decompressed audio signal to provide a harmonically enhanced audio signal, adding warmth to the digital decompressed audio signal to provide a warmth enhanced audio signal, and combining and frequency equalizing the harmonically enhanced audio signal and the warmth enhanced audio signal to provide a digital enhanced decompressed audio signal;

providing adjustments within the software for varying levels of the harmonic enhancing and for varying levels of the frequency equalizing to provide the digital enhanced decompressed audio signal;

providing the software free and including in the software one of a one-time use, a partial use, a partially enhanced audio signal use, and non-save adjustments; and

selling the software for a price without including in the software the one of the one-time use, the partial use, the partially enhanced audio signal use, and the non-save adjustments.

42. A method of distributing enhanced digital audio signals produced from compressed and decompressed digital audio signals, the method comprising the steps of

providing software for a digital signal processor including the steps of harmonically enhancing the digital decompressed audio signal to provide a harmonically enhanced audio signal, adding warmth to the digital decompressed audio signal to provide a warmth enhanced audio signal, and combining and frequency equalizing the harmonically enhanced audio signal and the warmth enhanced audio signal to provide a digital enhanced decompressed audio signal; and

providing adjustments within the software for varying levels of the harmonic enhancing and for varying levels of frequency equalizing to provide the digital enhanced decompressed audio signal, the adjustments being preset to levels determined by an expert of the received digital decompressed audio signal.

43. A method of distributing as claimed in claim 42 wherein the step of providing adjustments with preset levels determined by an expert of the received digital decompressed audio signal includes providing adjustments with preset levels determined by a performer that produced

the audio signals.

ABSTRACT

Disclosed are apparatus and methods of enhancing digital audio signals after compression and decompression. The methods and apparatus include receiving a digital decompressed audio signal, harmonically enhancing the signal, adding warmth to the signal, and combining and frequency equalizing the harmonically enhanced audio signal and the warmth enhanced audio signal to provide a digital enhanced decompressed audio signal. The apparatus is preferably provided in software as instructions to a DSP. Adjustments are included within the software for varying levels of the harmonic enhancing and for varying levels of the frequency equalizing. Methods of distribution are disclosed which include providing the software free with the inclusion in the software of either a one-time use, a partial use, a partially enhanced audio signal use, or non-save adjustments, and selling the software for a price without including the one-time use, the partial use, the partially enhanced audio signal use, or the non-save adjustments.

Processor Block Diagram

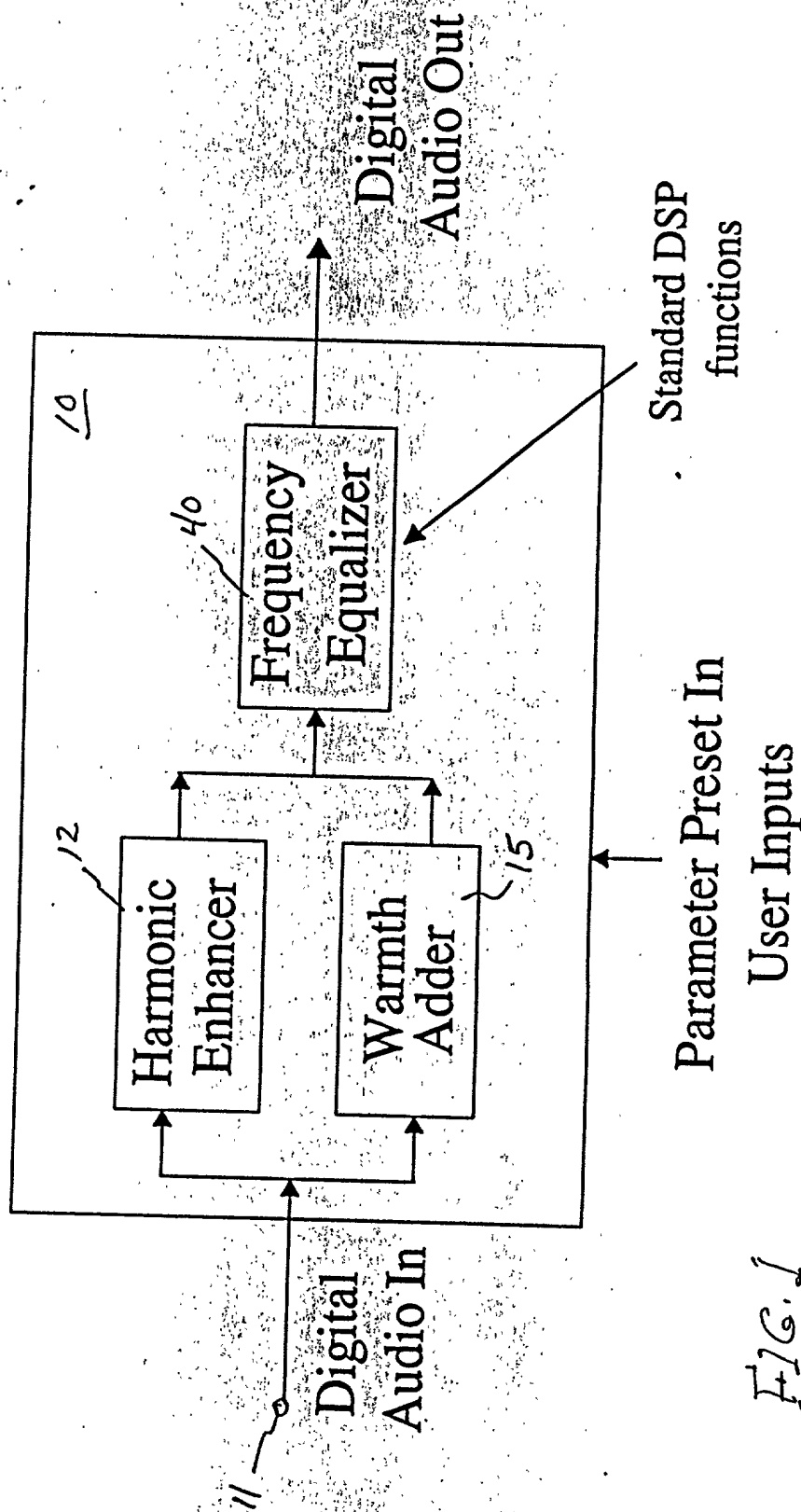


FIG. 1

Harmonic Enhancer Diagram

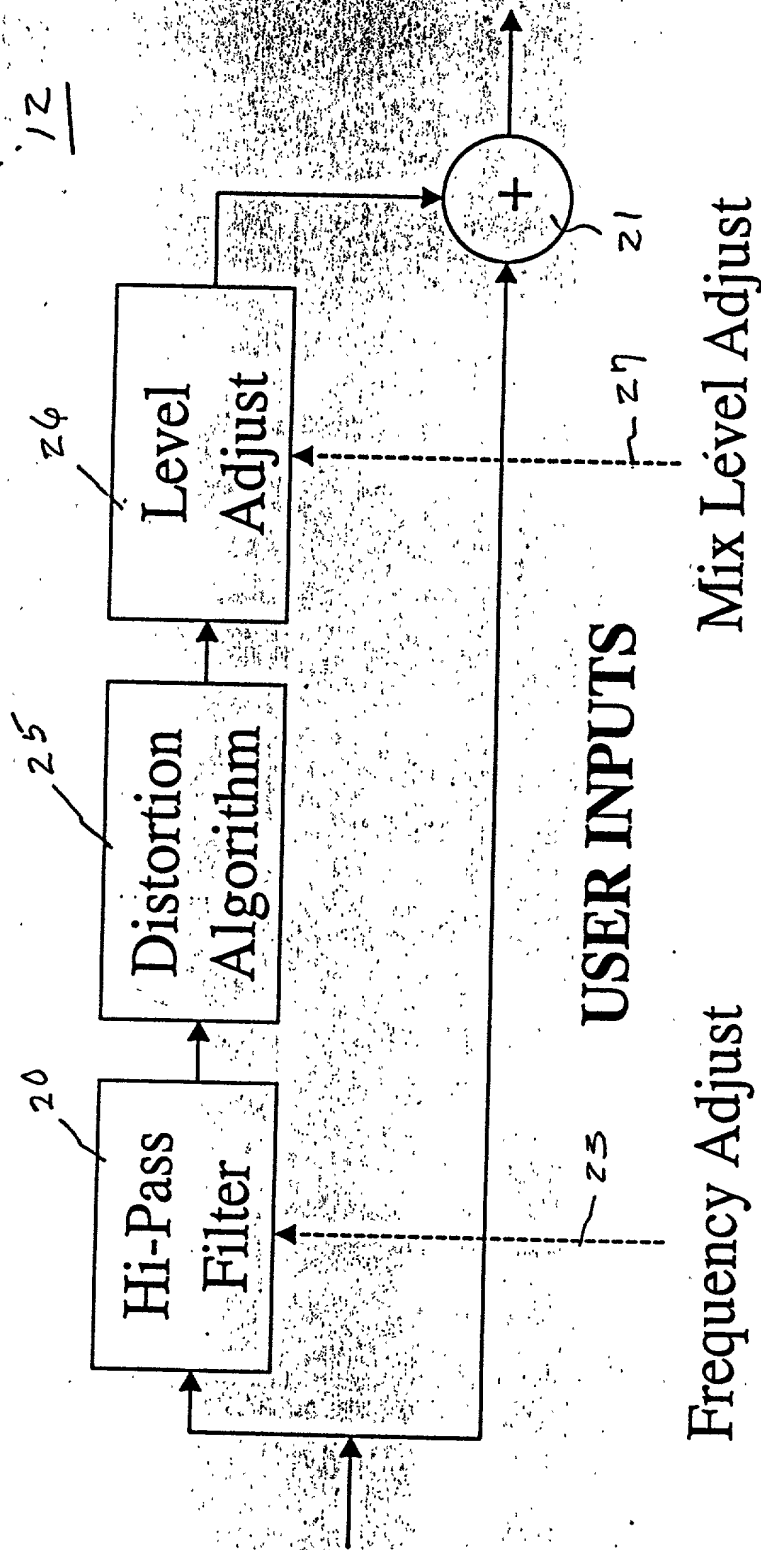


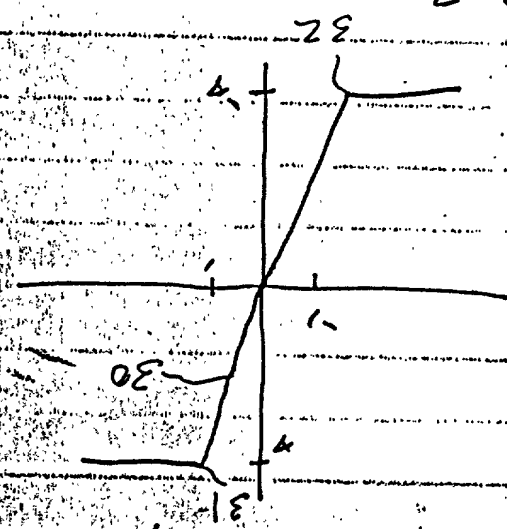
FIG. 2

ms
6261 m

006K

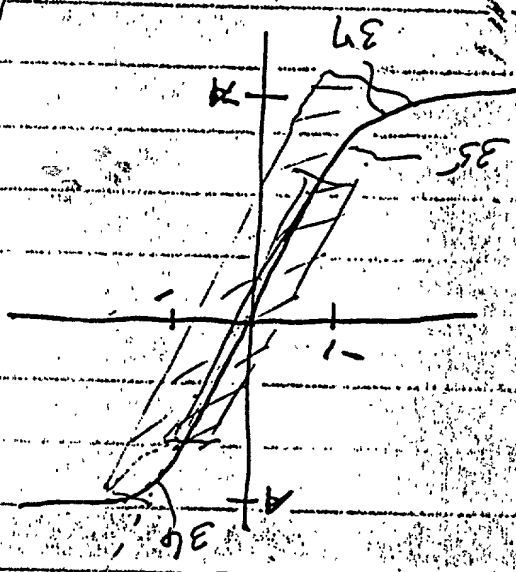


FIG. 3



WARMTH
ADDER
TUBE

FIG. 4



16000 x 1000

FIG. 5

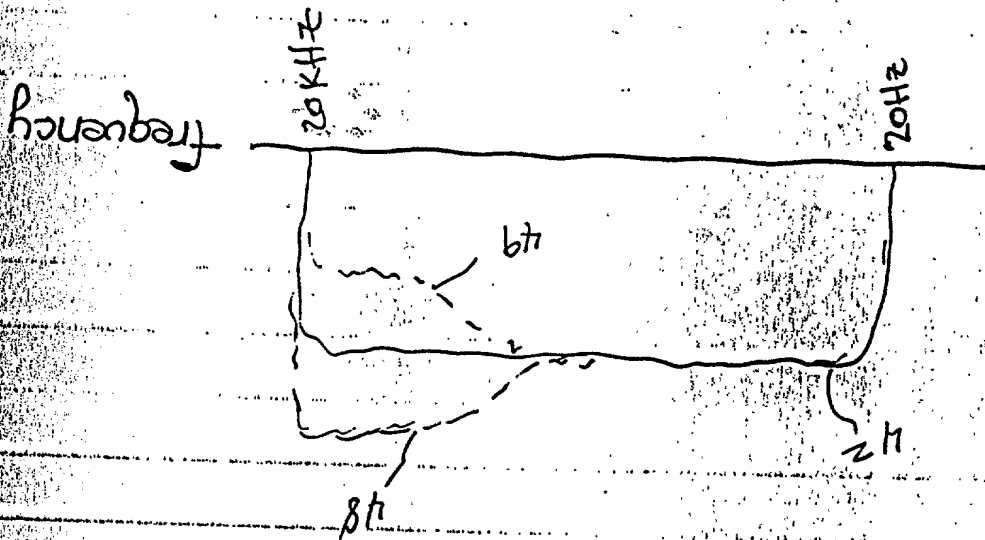
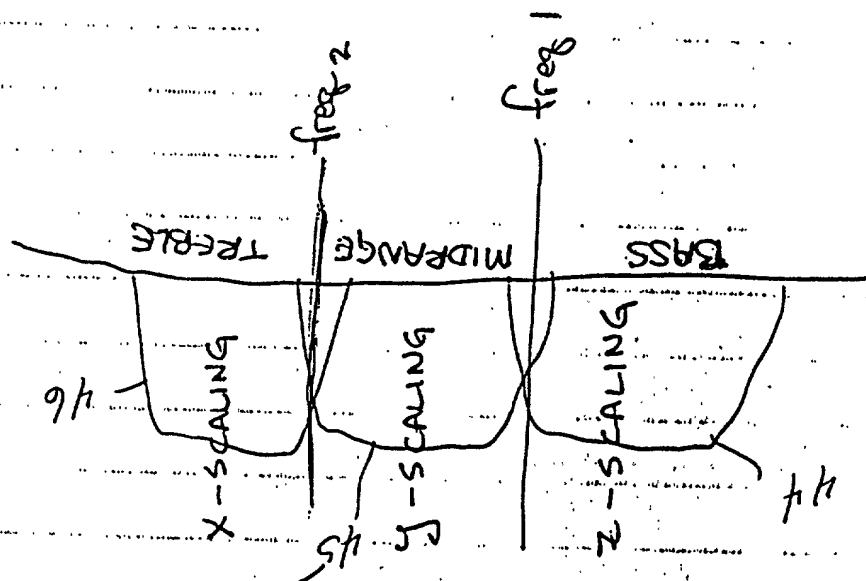


FIG. 6



DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR PATENT APPLICATION

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name.

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled *METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR THE DISTRIBUTION AND ENHANCEMENT OF DIGITAL COMPRESSED AUDIO* (RAP Docket Number 4044-A1) the specification of which:

 x is attached hereto.

 was filed on as Application

Serial No. and was amended on
(if applicable)

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose all information which is material to the examination or patentability of this application in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56(a).

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, §119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

Prior Foreign Application(s)			Priority Claimed	
			Yes	No
<u> </u> (Number)	<u> </u> (Country)	<u> </u> (Day/Mo./Yr. Filed)		
<u> </u> (Number)	<u> </u> (Country)	<u> </u> (Day/Mo./Yr. Filed)	Yes	No
<u> </u> (Number)	<u> </u> (Country)	<u> </u> (Day/Mo./Yr. Filed)	Yes	No

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, §120 of any United States applications(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States Application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, §112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56(a) which occurred between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

(Applic. S/N) (Filing Date) (Status--pend., pat., abandoned)

(Applic. S/N) (Filing Date) (Status--pend., pat., abandoned)

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

POWER OF ATTORNEY

As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the following attorney(s) and/or agent(s) to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith. (list name and registration number)

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